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Page 2: Part 1: Country information

**Q1**

Please enter the name of the country on behalf of which you are submitting a national report:

Andorra

**Q2**

Please enter the name and institution of the national focal point who is submitting the report:

Name	<b>Mireia Porras Garcia</b>
Institution	<b>Gobierno de Andorra</b>

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**Q3**

Please enter the email address of the national focal point who is submitting the report. This person might be asked to validate the submitted information:

mireia\_porras@govern.ad

Page 3: Part 2: Priorities, achievements, challenges and setbacks

**Q4**

Over the past five years, which of the following have been the top five priorities for accelerating progress for women and girls in your country through laws, policies and/or programmes? (Please check a maximum of five boxes)

**Equality and non-discrimination under the law and access to justice**

,

**Quality education, training and life-long learning for women and girls**

,

**Eliminating violence against women and girls,**

**Right to work and rights at work (e.g. gender pay gap, occupational segregation, career progression, job creation)**

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**Q5**

Over the past five years, have you taken specific measures to prevent discrimination and promote the rights of marginalized groups of women and girls? (please check relevant categories)

- Women and girls with disabilities,**
- People with diverse sexual orientations, gender identities or expressions, or sex characteristics**
- ,
- Younger women**

**Q6**

Over the past five years, which of the following crises have affected the implementation of the BPfA in your country? (please check relevant categories)

- COVID-19 and other pandemics**

**Q7**

Over the next five years, which of the following does your country consider to be the top five priorities for accelerating progress for women and girls in your country through laws, policies and programmes? (Please check a maximum of five boxes)

- Equality and non-discrimination under the law and access to justice**
- ,
- Quality education, training and life-long learning for women and girls**
- ,
- Eliminating violence against women and girls,**
- Right to work and rights at work (e.g. gender pay gap, occupational segregation, career progression, job creation)**
- ,
- Unpaid care and domestic work / work-family conciliation (e.g. paid maternity, paternity or parental leave, care services)**

Page 4: Part Three: Progress across the 12 critical areas of concern

**Q8**

Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to advance gender equality in relation to women's role in paid work and employment? (please check relevant categories)

- Strengthened / enforced laws and workplace policies and practices that prohibit discrimination in the recruitment, retention and promotion of women in the public and private sectors, and equal pay legislation**
- ,
- Taken measures to prevent sexual harassment, including in the workplace**
- ,
- Devised mechanisms for women's equal participation in economic decision-making bodies (e.g. in ministries of trade and finance, central banks, national economic commissions)**

**Q9**

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to recognize, reduce and/or redistribute unpaid care and domestic work and promote work-life and family conciliation? (please check relevant categories)

**Included unpaid care and domestic work in national statistics and accounting (e.g. time-use surveys, valuation exercises, satellite accounts)**

,

**Expanded childcare services or made existing services more affordable**

,

**Expanded support for older persons, persons with disabilities and others needing intense forms of care**

,

**Introduced or strengthened maternity/paternity/parental leave or other types of family leave**

**Q10**

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to reduce the gender digital divide? (please check relevant categories)

**Taken measures to promote gender-responsive STEM education**

,

**Taken measures to create conditions for gender-responsive digital learning environments**

**Q11**

Over the past five years, has your country introduced austerity/fiscal consolidation measures, such as cuts in public expenditure or public sector downsizing?

**No**

**Q12**

Have assessments on the impact of such austerity/fiscal consolidation measures on women and men, respectively, been conducted?

**Not applicable**

Page 5: Poverty eradication, social protection and social services

**Q13**

Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to reduce/eradicate poverty among women and girls? (please check relevant categories)

**Promoted poor women's access to decent work through active labour market policies (e.g. job training, skills, employment subsidies, etc.) and targeted measures**

**Q14**

Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to improve access to social protection for women and girls?

**Introduced or strengthened cash transfers for families with children that prioritize women as recipients (e.g. child benefits, family allowances, conditional or unconditional cash transfers)**

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**Introduced or strengthened social protection for women of working age (e.g. unemployment benefits, public works programmes, social assistance)**

,

**Introduced or strengthened social protection for older women (e.g. expansion of social pensions, moratoriums, inflation adjustment, introduction of pension credits for caregivers)**

**Q15**

The COVID-19 pandemic spurred significant social protection innovations. From a gender perspective, which of the following statements applies best to the COVID-19 response in your country?

**The pandemic spurred gender-responsive innovations as well as longer-term transformations of social protection to strengthen women's income security.**

**Q16**

Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to improve health outcomes for women and girls in your country?

**Expanded specific health services for women and girls, including sexual and reproductive health services, maternal health and HIV services**

,

**Taken measures to support women's mental health, including access to specialized services and counselling**

,

**Strengthened comprehensive sexuality education in schools or through community programmes**

**Q17**

Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to improve education outcomes and skills for women and girls?

**Taken measures to increase girls' access to, retention in and completion of education, technical and vocational education and training (TVET) and skills development programmes**

,

**Strengthened educational curricula to increase gender-responsiveness and eliminate bias, at all levels of education**

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**Provided gender equality and human rights training for teachers and other education professionals**

,

**Promoted safe, harassment-free and inclusive educational environments for women and girls**

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Page 6: Freedom from violence, stigma and stereotypes

**Q18**

Over the past five years, which forms of gender-based violence, and in which specific contexts or settings, has your country prioritized for action?

**Intimate partner violence, including sexual violence and marital rape**

,

**Domestic violence committed by other family or household members**

,

**Sexual harassment and violence in public places, educational settings and workplaces**

,

**Violence against women and girls facilitated by technology (e.g. online sexual harassment, online stalking, non-consensual sharing of intimate images)**

,

**Trafficking in women and girls**

**Q19**

Over the past five years, what actions has your country prioritized to address gender-based violence?

- Introduced or strengthened violence against women laws, and their enforcement and implementation
- ,
- Introduced, updated or expanded national action plans on ending violence against women and girls
- ,
- Introduced or strengthened services for survivors of violence (e.g. shelters, help lines, dedicated health services, legal, justice service, counselling, housing, socioeconomic rehabilitation)
- ,
- Introduced or strengthened strategies and interventions to prevent violence against women and girls (e.g. in the education sector, in the media, community mobilization, work with men and boys)
- ,
- Monitoring and evaluation of impact, including evidence generation and data collection
- ,
- Introduced or strengthened measures for improving the understanding of the extent, causes and consequences of violence against women among those responsible for implementing measures on ending violence against women and girls, including through the collection and use of data from different sources

**Q20**

In the past five years, what strategies has your country used to prevent gender-based violence?

- Empowering women and girls to promote their economic independence and access to resources, and promote equitable relations within households, communities and society
- ,
- Promoting positive gender-equitable attitudes, beliefs, values and norms, especially among men and boys
- ,
- Raising public awareness to change attitudes and behaviours

**Q21**

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to prevent and respond to technology-facilitated gender-based violence (e.g. online sexual harassment, online stalking, non-consensual sharing of intimate images)?

- Implemented awareness raising initiatives targeting the general public and education settings to sensitize young people, caregivers and educators to ethical and responsible online behaviour

**Q22**

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to address the portrayal of women and girls, discrimination and/or gender bias in the media, including social media?

**Enacted, strengthened, and enforced legal reforms to combat discrimination and/or gender bias in the media, including social media**

,

**Introduced binding regulation for the media, including for advertising**

,

**Provided training to media professionals to encourage the creation and use of non-stereotypical, balanced and diverse images of women and girls in the media, including social media**

**Q23**

In the past five years, has your country taken any action specifically tailored to address violence against marginalized groups of women and girls? (please check relevant categories)

**Women with disabilities,**

**People with diverse sexual orientations, gender identities or expressions, or sex characteristics**

,

**Girls, adolescents, and younger women,**

**Older women**

Page 7: Participation, accountability and gender-responsive institutions

**Q24**

In the past five years, what actions and measures has your country taken to promote women's participation in public life and decision-making?

**Introduced or increased targets and benchmarks of legislative temporary special measures, such as quotas or reserved seats, to promote gender balance or gender parity in legislatures (aiming for 40 per cent or more of seats being occupied by women)**

,

**Introduced whole-of-government or ministerial cabinet gender parity laws or policies dictating that around half of decision-making positions are occupied by women**

,

**Collected and analyzed data on women's political participation, including in appointed and elected positions**

**Q25**

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to increase women's access to expression and participation in decision-making in the media, including through information and communication technologies (ICT)?

Other (please specify):

Formación a medios de comunicación sobre la importancia de introducir a las mujeres en toma de decisiones.

**Q26**

What is the name of your country's current national machinery for gender equality and the empowerment of women?

Instituto andorra de las mujeres.

Área de Políticas de Igualdad, Secretaria de Estado de Igualdad y participación ciudadana del Gobierno de Andorra

**Q27**

What is the national women's machinery's current location within government? (please select one of the following options)

**Entity within a sectoral Ministry (e.g. sub-ministerial, under-secretary positions, institutes, councils and others)**

**Q28**

Does the national women's machinery have adequate financial resources and staff capacity to fulfil its mandate?

**Yes**

**Q29**

Over the past five years, which of the following statements best describes the evolution of the budget of your country's national women's machinery? (please select one of the following options)

**The budget of the national women's machinery has increased (as a proportion of overall government spending)**

**Q30**

How many programmes is the national women's machinery directly responsible for implementing? Please provide the total number and full name of programmes, as well as links to any supporting documentation.

Total number of programmes:

**6**

Full name of programmes:

**6**

Link(s) to supporting documentation:

**[www.aferssocials.ad](http://www.aferssocials.ad)**

**Q31**

What is the guiding vision that best describes the current national women's machinery's mandate? (please select one of the following options)

**Protecting the families, women and children**

**Q32**

Is there a national human rights institution in your country?

**Yes**

**Q33**

Does the national human rights institution have a specific mandate to focus on gender equality or discrimination based on sex/gender?

**Yes**



## Page 8: Peaceful and inclusive societies

**Q34****None of the above**

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to build and sustain peace, promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development and implement the women, peace and security agenda?

**Q35****None of the above**

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to increase the leadership, representation and participation of women in conflict prevention, resolution, peacebuilding, humanitarian action and crisis response, at decision-making levels in situations of armed and other conflicts, and in fragile or crisis settings?

**Q36**

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to enhance judicial and non-judicial accountability for violations of international humanitarian law and violations of the human rights of women and girls in situations of armed and other conflicts, and in fragile or crisis settings?

**Strengthened capacity of security sector institutions on human rights and prevention of sexual and gender-based violence and sexual exploitation and abuse**

**Increased access of conflict-affected, refugee or displaced women to violence prevention and protection services**

**Taken measures to combat trafficking in women and children**

**Q37**

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to eliminate discrimination against and violations of the rights of the girl child, including adolescent girls?

**Implemented policies and programmes to eliminate violence against girls, including physical and sexual violence and harmful practices such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation**

## Page 9: Environmental conservation, protection and rehabilitation

**Q38****None of the above**

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to integrate gender perspectives and concerns into environmental policies, including biodiversity conservation, climate change adaptation and mitigation, and reduction of land degradation?

**Q39****None of the above**

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to integrate gender perspectives into policies and programmes for disaster risk reduction and building environmental and climate resilience?

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Page 10: Part Four: National institutions and processes

**Q40****No**

Does your country have a valid national strategy or action plan for gender equality?

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**Q41****Yes**

Has the national gender equality strategy or action plan been costed and have sufficient resources been allocated to its achievement in the current budget?

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**Q42****Yes**

Do you track the proportion of the national budget that is invested in the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of women (gender-responsive budgeting)?

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**Q43****Not applicable**

As a donor country, do you track the proportion of official development assistance (ODA) that is invested in the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of women (gender-responsive budgeting)?

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**Q44****Yes**

Is gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls included as a key priority in the national plan/strategy for SDG implementation?

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**Q45****No**

Are there formal mechanisms in place for different stakeholders to participate in the implementation and monitoring of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action?

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**Q46**

**None of the above**

Which of the following stakeholders participate formally in national coordination mechanisms established to contribute to the implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action?

**Q47**

**Yes**

Are there formal mechanisms in place for different stakeholders to participate in the implementation and monitoring of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development?

**Q48**

Which of the following stakeholders participate formally in national coordination mechanisms established to contribute to the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development?

**Civil society organizations,**  
**Women's rights organizations,**  
**Youth-led organizations,**  
**Academia and think tanks,**  
**Private sector**

**Q49**

For which of the following does your country have an action plan and timeline in place to follow-up on recommendations?

**Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women**  
 ,  
**Universal Periodic Review**

Page 11: Part Five: Data and Statistics

**Q50**

Over the past five years, what are the top three areas in which your country has made most progress when it comes to gender statistics at the national level? (Please check a maximum of three boxes)

**Promulgated laws, regulations, or statistical programme/strategy setting out the development of gender statistics**  
 ,  
**Established an inter-agency coordination mechanism on gender statistics (e.g., technical working group, inter-agency committee)**  
 ,  
**Used more gender-sensitive data in the formulation of policy and implementation of programmes and projects**

**Q51**

Over the next five years, which are your country's top three priorities for strengthening national gender statistics, out of the following? (Please check a maximum of three boxes)

**Establishment of an inter-agency coordination mechanism on gender statistics (e.g., technical working group, inter-agency committee)**

**Use more gender-sensitive data in the formulation of policy and implementation of programmes and projects**

**Conduct of new surveys to produce national baseline information on specialized topics (e.g., time use, gender-based violence, asset ownership, poverty, disability)**

**Q52**

Have you defined a national set of indicators for monitoring progress on the SDGs?

No

**Q53**

How many indicators does it include and how many of those are gender-specific?

Respondent skipped this question

**Q54**

Has data collection and compilation on gender-specific indicators begun?

Yes

**Q55**

Which of the following disaggregations is routinely provided by major surveys in your country?

**Income,  
Sex/gender,  
Age,  
Education,  
Marital status,  
Disability**

Page 12: Part Six: Upload of National Report

**Q56**

Please upload your national report and any supporting documentation here:

**2023.10.24%20Beijing%2B30\_Online\_Survey\_FINAL\_ES.pdf (371.3KB)**